THE TIMES FOUNDED IN

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RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

STAUNTON HAILS BETTER SERVICE

Prospect for Improved Tells Committee Its Pol-Transportation Facilities.

CONNECT VALLEY & EASTERN VIRGINIA

Echols, Braxton and Others Discuss Advantages of New Movement, and Point Out Present Prosperity of Staunton and Field for Future Development.

STAUNTON, VA., June 5.—Every citi-sen of Staunton who has been approached regarding the movement for bringing about better railroad connections and belter transportation facilities between the Shenandoah Valley and the State capital has spoken heartily in favor of the plan, They all complain bitterly of the action of the various railroads, that has compelled the Valley of the Shenandoah, one of the richest and most prosperous sections of the State, to cut lised of from Eastern Virginia and trade exclusively with Northern cities. They tell stories of freight rates that are prohibitive and of delays in transportation that are with-

out precedent.

All the business world of Staunton appreciates the fact that if this country is opened up for State trade, that Staunpreciates the fact that if this country is opened up for State trade, that Staunton must and will secure a large increase to her trade. The citizens of Staunton are loyal people, who know that they live in a prosperous and growing community, and are not ashamed to say so. The wealth of Staunton is enormous, civic conditions are excellent, and the advantages she offers for education and for homes are unexcelled.

"The fact that The Times-Dispatch now reaches Staunton at midday, several hours before any other outside paper, is a source of considerable favorable comment amongst the residents. Mayor William H. Landis of the city said to-day:

"The Chamber of Commerce of Richmond and The Times-Dispatch can feel sure that Staunton will stand shoulder to shoulder with them in their fight to make Virginia the home of Virginlans, and to bring every section of the State in close and intimate relations."

What Echols Thinks.

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Hon. Edward Echols, one of the most prominent men in political, business and social life in this section, upon being asked how he regarded the movement to secure better railroad connections and facilities for the Valley of Virginia, thus ppening that section to trade with other sections in Virginia, repiled:

"I am heartily in sympathy with the movement, and I believe nothing that sould be done to help Virginia more than to bring the people of the Valley into closer touch with the rest of the State. The railroad conditions are such between Staunton and the Valley, that it is almost impossible for merchants of our city to do business in that locality. It seems to me that it is a strange thing that so great and so wealthy a part of our State as the Valley is should trade almost exclusively outside of Virginians should do their utmost to remedy, and and do their utmost to remedy, and teel sure that the people of Staunand this county will join heartly in plan to bring about conditions that I unite all sections of Virginia. Conding Staunton, I would say that the y is advancing steadily, not only in unlation and in civic and municipal provements, but in trade, commerce, bile education, and, indeed, in every partment. I cannot imagine any place it is more desirable as a residence, the location is extremely healthy, the cational advantages are exceptional it the business interests are such as give employment to those who desire uld do their utmost to remedy, and residence in this section. What I have said about Staunton is no less true about the county of Augusta. In conclusion, I would say that I am heartly in favor of the movement inaugurated by The Times

Mr. Braxton's Views.

Mr. A. C. Braxton, asked for his views on the subject of better connections be

Mr. A. C. Braxion, asked for his views on the subject of better connections between the Valley of Virginia and the eastern part of the State, said:

"In my opinion it is a most commendable object. It is always most desirable that all parts of a State be kept in the closest possible touch with each other. It keeps the people more in sympathy with each other, coments the common interests and greatly strengthens the State from both a business and pottical standpoint. The topography of the country naturally cuts off the Valley, to a great extent, from the rest of the State, but this condition of affairs is greatly aggravated by the lack of raliprod consections between Statunton and Harper's Perry. Pormerly the Baltimore and Ohio Ralirod operated one continuous line from Loxington to Harper's Perry but during the last few years this connection has been broken by cases of the Valley most between Statunton and Harper's Perry but during the last few years the connection has been broken by cases of the Valley most one will be seen that no single that the very much has possible train runs more than about fifty or saxy miles or this route, which fractically dominates the freight and passentially dominates the freight and passentially dominates the freight and passential for the very morth of Harrisonburg and Strasburg who are practically compelled to trade with Washington and Baltimore, via the Southern and Baltimore, via the Bouthern in the Valley prorth of Harrisonburg is rendered practically inaccessible to Staunton, Richfond, or any of the eastern parts of the State, and people living in that part of the Valley are practically compelled to go of the Valley Bergin that part of the Valley are practically compelled to go of the Valley Bergin that part of the V

PLAIN TALK OF COL. CUTSHAW

icy for Sale of Sand is Bad.

ABSOLUTE WASTE OF CITY'S MONEY

Believes No Sand Should Be Sold, But When Pumped Should Be Used to Raise Streets-Decide to Sell No More.

the municipal officers in Richmond who has his own ideas as to how the depart ments under his charge should be run and he doesn't mind giving his view without reserve to the Council commit tees or to the Council Itself, for that

matter.
Colonel Cutshaw did not minee words
last night in dealing with the question
of the sale of the city's sand by the
Committee on the Improvement of James

Not long ago the committee went down

Not long ago the committee went down the river on the city tug to inspect the harbor, and during the course of the evening, passed a resolution awarding a contract for the sale of sand to Mr. J. T. Sloan at 10 cents per cuble yard. The resolution went further. Pending the filling of Mr. Sloan's basin with sand by the city dredge, the contractor is allowed to get this commodity from behind the gas works, where it has been pumped at a "much greater cost. This sand will have to be replaced after it is taken away by Mr. Sloan, and it appears to the city engineer that it is a policy of "marching up the hill and then marching down again."

Written Report.

Written Report.

Written Report.
Colonel Cutshaw submitted a brief written report to the committee last night setting out that he was opposed to the policy of the city selling sand to anyone, for the reason that it is needed to raise the streets for the benefit of Fulton, and incidentally the entire city, and then he took the floor and gave his views at some length.

"I hold that the city should not sell sand to anyone," he said, "but if it is

"I note that the city should not sense sand to anyone," he said, "but if it is sold, all who desire to do so should be allowed to bid.
"I am told that sand sold by the city is speculated upon, and that as many as three dealers in the end make profit up-

'It is to my mind an absolute waste of time and money for the city to under take to dig out the harbor, if this policy

As Well Give It Away.

As Well GIVE IT Away.

"It means that you are practically giving away this material, in that you are disposing of it at a far less cost than it takes to pump it from the river, when it should be used to improve the streets along the river and to raise them beyond the reach of water."

Colonel Cutshaw contended that whereas Mr. Sloan was retting sand for ten cents

Colonel Cutshaw contended that whereas Mr. Sloan was getting sand for ten cents per cubic yard, the very sand he was removing was pumped out of the river at a cost of forty-seven cents, and would have to be replaced by the city.

"I do not say break a contract with Mr. Sloan or anyone else," he went on, "You are in a hole, and you ought not

"You are in a hole, and you ought not to be there. You will have to get out the best you can, but I ask that there be some fixed policy, so that some one man may be in charge and say what shall be lose.

Should Say Which.

"If you want Mr. Curtis to have charge and say, as he did to Mr. Sloan, 'Get sand from the barbor,' then all right; but let's understand what is to be the policy, and who is to be in sarge. ing out of this sand business."

Colonel Cutshaw sald it was the opin-

Colonel Cutshaw said it was the opin-lon of the City Attorney that the city had no right to sell sand to any one, and he (Cutshaw) had always been op-posed to it. He could not see that the streets of Fullon could ever be raised, if as fast as said was pumped on the bank it was allowed to be sold and re-moved.

Terrific Wind and Rain Storm Sweeps Over Western States.

FONDULAC IS UNDER WATER HE WILL MAKE AN ADDRESS ALLEGATION PROVEN, HE SAYS

Wisconsin City Battling With Virginia Bankers Will Hear Dis-Worst Flood in Its History. Severe Tidal Wave.

DETROIT, MICH., June 6 .- Reports today from the State say that the rain and

wind storm which was general all over the lower part of Michigan yesterday afternoon and last night was the most severe in many years.

In addition to the loss of life reported last night, in Sanilac and Tuscola counties, where the storm assumed cyclonic proportions, heavy property loss is re-ported in all directions. At Grand Rapids the rainfall was al-

At Grand Rapids the rainfall was almost a cloudburst. On the west side districts that were not affected by the great flood of 1904 were flooded. About five hundred homes were surrounded by water. A number of manufacturing plants were compelled to close for the day, their first floors being two and three feet under water. No trains arrived or departed from the city during the early part of the day.

three feet under water. No trains arrived or departed from the city during the early part of the day.

Three Grand Trunk bridges are washed out in Ottawa county. At Lowell, the dam and bridge across Grand River were washed out with two buildings that stood on the bank. At Ionia, the Grand River is many feet over its banks and thousands of dollars' damage, has been done by the high water. The Springbrook Mill, two milles above Lowell, on the Grand Trunk, was washed out. At Lansing, the precipitation was 4.80 inches. In Detroit, the precipitation was 4.80 inches. In Detroit, the precipitation was 4.81 inches, was trained and the setting the heavlest fall in thirteen years.

The storm damage in western Michigan is estimated at \$500,000. The loss in Grand Rapids and immediate vicinity alone will reach \$100,000.

The list of those injured in the "thumb" district yesterday by the cyclone was increased to-day, when word was received from the village of Kingston that eleven people were injured there. One of them may die. Thirteen houses and eighteen (Continued on Second Page.)

(Continued on Second Page.)

MORE DIRECTORS OF

EQUITABLE RESIGN

Cassatt, Stewart and Sloane Out; Mills to Act To-day. Total, 10.

Total, 10.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Three more directors resigned to-day from the board of the Equitable Life Assurance Society and at least one more will retire to-morrow, making in all ten resignations since the present troubles of the society began. The resignation of A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Raliroad Company, was followed this afternoon by the announcement of the realgnations of John A. Stewart, chairman of the Board of Directors of the United States Trust Company, and John Sloane, prominent in banking and trust company circles. The resignation of D. O. Mills will be handed to President ...exander to-inorrow, Mr. Mills was at first inclined to postpone action until the meeting to-morrow, but decided not to attend the meeting.

The other directors who have resigned from the Equitable board are: H. C. Frick, E. H. Hayriman, T. Jefferson Coolidge, M. E. Ingalls, Jacob H. Schiff and Cornelius N. A. Se.

Four Men Killed.

(By Associated Press.)
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., June 6.-Four men of a Grand Trunk construction train were killed near Pewamo to-day, when their train was wrecked by running into a washout. The entire train of four cars was ditched.

WILL COME HERE

WILL HE JUMP?

Bankers' Meeting Next. Week.

cussion By Secretary of Treasury:

The feature of the coming convention of the Virginia Bankers' Association in this city June 15th to 17th, inclusive, sion of Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, Secretary of the United States treasury. Mr. Shaw has written President Habliston, of the association, stating that he expects to be present as a guest of the Virginia Association. The Secretary has made an

be present as a guest of the Virginia Association. The Secretary has made an excellent record in the Cabinet, and is regarded as a brilliant authority on national finance. He will make an address to the association during its session. The programme of the twelfth annual convention has just been made up and printed in pamphlet form. The head-quarters of the association will be at the Hotel Richmond, and its sessions will be held in the spacious ball room of the hotel. A larger attendance than usual of bankers from the large citles outside this State is expected. The attendance of ladies promises to be larger than usual. The present officers of the association are William M. Habliston, of this city, president; N. P. Gatling, of Lynchburg; H. A. Willams, of Richmond, treasurer. The list of vice-presidents includes John M. Miller, Jr., Richmond; J. A. Willett, of Newport News; H. E. Jones, of Bristol; George W. Moore, Jr., of Lynchburg; S. H. Hansbrough, of Winchester; W. J. Dingledine, of Harrisonburg; Joseph Stebbins, of South Boston; J. T. Meadows, of Roanoke, and E. S. Reld, of Chatham.

An Attractive Programme.

An Attractive Programme.

The programme of entertainment arranged by the Richmond committee is an elaborate and attractive one, the feature of which will be a banquet tendered by the bankers of Richmond to the members and guests at the Masonic Temple on June 16th at 8 o'clock. On Thursday afternoon, the 16th, a trolley trip around the city and then to Lakeside Country Club, where refreshments will be a served, is announced. From Lakeside the visitors will go to Reservior Park, and there enjoy a play at the Casino, returning to the city about 11 P. M.

Casino, returning to the city about 11 P. M.

On Saturday morning, June 17th, the entire party will leave, via the Chesapeake and Ohio Rallway, for Old Point, where a special steamer will be boarded for a trip to the capes, at the same time giving the visitors an opportunity to witness the joint army and navy exercises in Hampton Roads. The party will return by special train to this city late in the evening. The convention will hold its closing day's session on board the steamer in the bay, when reports of the Nomination Committee, election of officers and unfinished business and talks by the visiting bankers will be had.

Move Against Speculators.

(By Associated Press.)

MANCHESTER, ENGLAND., June 6.—
The International Cotton Congress today lengthily discussed plans for preventing speculators from influencing the priso
of cotton.

OR WANTHELP TO-DAY.

The 26 advertisements for help pub-lished in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 8 are as follows:

17 Trades. 6 Miscellaneous, 3 Salesmen.

This not only interest those out of work, but those desiring to improve their positions as well.

Writes Word He Will Attend Judge Sends Greene and Gaynor to Jail Pending Surrender to United States.

Prisoners Still Have Right to Apply for Writ of Habeas Corpus.

MONTREAL, June 6.-Judge Lafontaine extradition commissioner, to-day gave judgment in the case of the United States vs. John F. Gaynor and Benj. D. Greene, committing both for extradition and ordering them back to jail to await surrender to United States officers. In rendering judgment, Judge Lafontaine spoke for two hours and a half. Summing up, he said;

"My conclusion is that the allega tion of the conspiracy to defraud the United States as being in existence between Carter and the accused on or about July 1, 1897, is proven to the

hilt.

"Second, that Carter was guilty in the United States and convicted of ombezzlement, which offense is known under our law by the term of theft, the difference in the name of the offense in the two countries being immaterial; that the accused have participated by their conspiracy with Carter in the embezzlement so committed by him; that such participation is punishable by the laws of both countries and is an extraditable crime.

"Consequently, I determined that the accused must be committed to jail pending surrender."

May Now Apply for Writ of corpus

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, June 6.—The Associated Press dispatch from Montreal, stating that Judge Lafontaine had rendered his decision committing Greene and Gaynor for surrender to the United States When questioned as to what further rights of appeal Greene and Gaynor had it was stated at the Depart-(Continued on Second Page.)

PRESIDENT BUYS

FOR ECAST-For

POINTER ON THE WEATHER

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY, Richmond's weather yesterday was clear and hot.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

June 7, 1005.

Sun rises. 4:61 HIGH TIDE:
Sun sets. 7:27 Morning. 7:35

Moon sets. 11:00 Evening. 8:06

DUCHESS ARE WED

Brilliant Ceremony Yesterday in Palace Chapel in German Capital.

TORCHLIGHT DANGE WAS HELD AT NIGHT

Unique Practice in Weddings in House of Hohenzollern for Centuries-Honeymoon to

Be Spent at Hunting Lodge in Prussian Forest.

BERLIN, June 6.—Crown Prince Frederick William and Duchess Cecelia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin were married in the palace chapel this afternoon while the clock on the plaza marked five and batteries here and in every garrison town in Prussia and in every sea where German warships floated began firing a twenty-one gun salute at the same moment. In the chapel one of the most distinguished assemblages that could be gathered in Europe saw the simple wedding service of the Lutheran Church.

The crown princess by civil right, came in on the arm of the Crown Prince. She was already crown princess by civil right, came in on the arm of the Crown Prince. She was wearing a wreath of fresh myrtle on her head, over which was a small crown of diamonds and rubles in a gold frame, placed there by the Empress. A triangle of diamonds rested on the front of her low-cut bodice, and around her neck was a necklace of large diamonds. The wedding dress was of Russian silver brocade, with a train four and a half yards in length and two and a quarter yards wide, attached to the shoulders. Four maids of honor, in dresses of pale blus silk, the Crown Prince's favorite color, carried the train, and behind them walked two pages. The bridal yell was of iderusels lace. The Crown Prince were the light blue uniform of the first footguards, with a major's insignia, and his decorations. He carried his heimet in his hand.

hand.

Behind the bride and groom came the Empress, on the arm of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, brother of the bride, and the Emperor, with the Grand Duchess Anastasia, mother of the bride. These and other members of the royal family stood on the right of the altar.

The Correspond

family stood on the right of the altar.

The Ceremony.

The choir sung "God, Give His Angels Charge Concerning Thee," to music by Mendelssoin. This text was carved on the cradle of the Crown Prince. The congregation joined in singing from the programme the familiar hymn, "Praise the Master."

Dr. Dryander, the court chaplain, with nino of the cathedral dergy standing near him, began the service. He spoke briefly on the beauty of love, the large responsibilities resting on the youthful

briefly on the beauty of love, the large responsibilities resting on the youthful pair, their need for the support of faith and spiritual vision. The pastor then asked His Imperial Highness if he took out of God's hand to have and to hold, according to God's word and will, Her Highness Cecella?

The Crown Prince answered "Yes." The same question was addressed to the

(Continued on Second Page.)

DELCASSE NOW OUT A VIRGINIA HOME

Acquire Beautiful Place in Albemarle, Among Foothills of the Blue Ridge. President Roosevelt, it is reliably re-

ported, has purchased a farm of one hundred and fifty acres in Albemarie county, and will use it for a summe

county, and will use it for a summer home.

The tract acquired by the President is a part of the Springfield plantation, is seven miles from Scottsville and sixteen miles from Charlottsville. It is understood to be the object of the President to keep this place as the one spot where he and his family may get into the heart of the country, far from maddening crowds and the interminable rounds of offickil duties and official worries.

It is understood that Mrs. Roosevelt and several of the children will come to their new home among the Virginia hills to-morrow. Mrs. Roosevelt has recently visited this section and has fallen in love with its great natural beauty.

Particulars of the purchase could not be learned, but the former owners of the tract are warm personal friends of the President, and they and all the people of Albemarie will give their distinguished neighbor a hearty welcome when he comes among them.

A telegram was received from Washington late last night quoting Secretary Loeb as denying the report that the President had bought a Virginia farm.

OF FRENCH CABINET

Failure of Moroccoan Policy the Cause of Resignation-Premier Will Act.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIE, June 6.-M. Deleasse to-day
presented his resignation, and definitely retired from any further direction of the

foreign affairs of France.

M. Delcasse in submitting his resigns tion explained the reasons leading up t his action. He said he recognized the differences of view had risen between himself and his colleagues relative to the execution of the foreign policy of France, particularly concerning the direction of the negotiations with Mo-rocco. Therefore he had believed it de-sirable in the interest of the ministry and the country to place his resignation in the hands of the President.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS June 7.—A presidential decree, accepting the resignation of M. Delcasse, and appointing Premier Rouvier foreign minister ad interim, appears in the Journal Officel this morning.

READY TO STRIKE

Mighty Good Help

'I Will Defeat Japanese' Says the Russian Commander Confidently.

EMPEROR LOOKING TO THE PRESIDENT

Will Confide Opening of Negotiations, if There Are Any, to Mr. Roosevelt.

GRAND DUKES NOW URGE THAT STRUGGLE BE ENDED

Backbone of War Party Seems to Have Been Broken-Lamsdorff Holds Important Conference With Czar-Governor-General Afraid to Disperse Zemstvo.

(By Associated Press.)
GUNSHU PASS, MANGHURIA, June
6.—The Japanese appear to be withdrawing to the southward along the
whole front. It is thought that this is
perhaps a manoeuvre to entice Lieutenant-General Linevitch from his
pressed positions.

(By Associated Press.)
PARIS, June 7.—The Journal's correspondent with the Russians at Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, mentions the arrival there of the entire body of military attaches with the Russian army. He says that changes which have been made in the Jacanese position leaf to made in the Japanese position lead to the belief that a battle is imminent.

(By Associated Press.)
GUNSHU PARS, MANCHURIA, June 6.
Undismayed by Rojestvensky's defeat and
full of confidence as to the outcome of the
approaching battle, Lleutenant-General
Linevitch is for war to the bitter end and
he believes that the Manchurian army is
now strong enough to assume the aggressive. sive.
To a question put to him by the cor-

respondent of the Associated Press, to whom he granted an interview to-day, as to whether he was for war or peace, the Commander-in-Chief replied firmly and without the slightest hestation:

"Most certainly I am for war. I am a soldier. The Emperor's will is naturally my law, but my voice now as before, is for the continuance of the fight.

"With the destruction of our fleet

"With the destruction of our fleet vanishes of course, the hopes of those who at the beginning of the war wished to make peace at Tokio, but our defeat alwaen has not interfered with my plans—absolutely not one whit, "I consider myself strong enough now not only to hold my ground, but even to advance. I am no prophet and have no desire to be one, but I firmly believe that I can and will defeat the Japanese in Manchurla. "I have asked the war office to seen

"I have asked the war office to send reservists of the youngest classes inme reservists of the youngest classes intend of older ones, not because the latter make poor soldlers, but because with plenty of young and vigorous reservists, it would be unjust as well as inadvisable to call the older men from their more settled life."

BACKBONE OF WAR PARTY IS BROKEN

Alexieff and Grand Dukes Come Over-Czar Looks to President Roosevelt.

(By Associated Press.) ST. PETERSBURG, June 7-2:35 A. M. seyond the statement that the advisability of confiding the opening of peace negotiations to President Roosevelt in the event that Emperor Nicholas shall have decided that the time has arrived

the event that Emperor Nicholas shall have decided that the time has arrived to indicate to Japan Russia's desire to end the struggle, was presented in a favorable light. No definite announcement can be made at this hour regarding the result of Foreign Minister Lamsdorff's audience with the Emperor on the subject of Count Cassini's dispatch communicating the Presidents practical tender of good offices.

It can, however, be stated in addition that Grand Duke Alexandor Michaelovitch, who was the most uncompromising advocate of war to the last ditch, has joined Grand Duke Vladimir, uncle of the Emperor, in counseiling the conclusion of peace. Another important convert made by the advocates of peace is Admiral Alexieff. With Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch, Grand Duke Alexander Michaelovitch, Grand Duke Vladimir and Admiral Alexieff on the side of peace, the backbone of what has been denominated the war party, seems to have been broken. Nevertheless, the final word rests with the Emperor himself.

OUTLOOK FOR PEACE **GROWING BRIGHTER**

United States and Germany Taking Lead in Movement-Delcasse's Resignation.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, June 6 .- Information reaching the hands of the President.

Premier Rouvier in responding expressed the regrets of his colleagues adding a tribute to M. Delcasse [18] past services. M. Rouvier thereupon announced that he would take ad interim the duties of foreign affairs.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS June 7.—A presidential decree, accepting the resignation of M. Delcasse, and appointing Premier Rouvier foreign minister ad interim, appears in the Journal Officel this morning.